

INSTITUTE OF AGRI. EXTENSION, EDUCATION AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT
MCQs for Exit Examination (M.Sc. Education)

1. Human Resource Development is related with improving _____
 - A. Skill only
 - B. Knowledge only
 - C. Attitude only
 - D. All of these

2. For the real development _____resources are essential
 - A. Human only
 - B. Material only
 - C. Both human and material
 - D. Neither human nor material

3. For better performance in an organization, there should be _____
 - A. Proper training only
 - B. Proper leadership only
 - C. Neither proper training nor proper leadership
 - D. Both proper training and proper leadership

4. In HRD process model there are four major parts
 - A. Need Assessment, Design, Implementation, and Evaluation
 - B. Need Assessment, Implementation, and Evaluation
 - C. Assessment, Design, Lesson plan, and Evaluation
 - D. Assessment, Design, Monitoring, and Evaluation

5. In HRD process model, “Develop lesson plan” is a part of _____
 - A. Assessment
 - B. Design
 - C. Execution
 - D. Evaluation

6. _____ is conducted to check the worth of HRD program
 - A. Implementation
 - B. Design
 - C. Execution
 - D. Evaluation

7. In HRD process model, “Define objectives” is a part of _____
 - A. Assessment
 - B. Design
 - C. Execution
 - D. Evaluation

8. In his theory of management, _____ emphasized on “fair day's pay for a fair day's work”
- A. Frederick Tayler
 - B. Henri Fayol
 - C. Max Weber
 - D. Elton Mayo
9. Theory of Scientific Management was proposed by _____
- A. Frederick Tayler
 - B. Henri Fayol
 - C. Max Weber
 - D. Elton Mayo
10. Administrative Management Theory was proposed by _____
- A. Frederick Tayler
 - B. Henri Fayol
 - C. Max Weber
 - D. Elton Mayo
11. According to Max Weber, _____ power is more important
- A. Traditional
 - B. Charismatic
 - C. Legal
 - D. None of these
12. A curriculum is the combination of _____ assessment that are designed to bring out and evaluate the target learning outcomes of a particular course.
- A. Instructional practices only
 - B. Learning experiences only
 - C. Students' performance only
 - D. All of these
13. The _____ was set in a manner that the students had to memories facts as well as formulas that were never ending.
- A. Modern curriculum
 - B. Advanced curriculum
 - C. Traditional curriculum
 - D. Progressive curriculum
14. _____ was set in a position to offer an education that was centered to the interests of the child.
- A. Orthodox curriculum

- B. Conventional curriculum
- C. Traditional curriculum
- D. Progressive curriculum

15. The _____ is described as the summary of the topics covered or units to be taught in the particular subject.

- A. Syllabus
- B. Core curriculum
- C. Hidden curriculum
- D. All of these

16. _____ refers to the unwritten, unofficial, and often unintended lessons, values, and perspectives that students learn in school.

- A. Syllabus
- B. Core curriculum
- C. Hidden curriculum
- D. All of these

17. The definition of _____ is a set of courses that are considered basic and essential for future class work and graduation.

- A. Syllabus
- B. Core curriculum
- C. Hidden curriculum
- D. All of these

18. Cognitive domain is concerned with_____

- A. Knowledge
- B. Attitude
- C. Skill
- D. All of these

19. Affective domain is concerned with_____

- A. Knowledge
- B. Attitude
- C. Skill
- D. All of these

20. Psychomotor domain is concerned with_____

- A. Knowledge
- B. Attitude
- C. Skill
- D. All of these

21. -----involves the recall of specifics and universals, the recall of methods and processes, or the recall of a pattern, structure, or setting.

- A. Knowledge
- B. Comprehension

- C. Application
- D. Analysis

22. _____ refers to the use of abstractions in particular and concrete situations.

- A. Knowledge
- B. Comprehension
- C. Application
- D. Analysis

23. _____ involves the putting together of elements and parts so as to form a whole.

- A. Synthesis
- B. Comprehension
- C. Application
- D. Analysis

24. _____ means judgments about the value of material and methods for given purposes.

- A. Synthesis
- B. Evaluation
- C. Application
- D. Analysis

25. _____ is the first level of Bloom's taxonomy

- A. Knowledge
- B. Comprehension
- C. Application
- D. Analysis

26. The process of curriculum development includes _____

- A. Situation analysis only
- B. Formulation of objectives only
- C. Evaluation only
- D. All of these

27. Course contents should be based on the _____

- A. Cultural needs only
- B. Modern needs only
- C. Students needs only
- D. All of these

28. The objectives should be _____

- A. Measurable only
- B. Specific only
- C. Attainable only
- D. All of these

29. _____ can be defined as the step-by-step process used to create positive improvements in the courses offered by a school, college or university.

- A. Curriculum development
- B. Social development
- C. Rural development
- D. Urban development

30. An effective teaching method makes teaching more _____
Teaching

- A. tedious
- B. efficient
- C. monotonous
- D. all of these

31. The quality of learning through lecture method is _____

- A. Effective
- B. Permanent
- C. Temporary
- D. Long-lasting

32. Lecture method is useful for teaching _____ class size

- A. Small
- B. Large
- C. Less
- D. None of these

33. Teaching method in which class is divided into small groups to discuss some specific questions is called _____

- A. Buzz group
- B. Brain storming
- C. Question & Answer
- D. None of these

34. Method in which students use their own experience and creativity to reproduce a real life situation is called _____

- A. Buzz group
- B. Role play
- C. Drill and practice
- D. Debate

35. Domain of learning deals with behavior of learners is called _____ domain

- A. Affective
- B. Cognitive
- C. Psychomotor
- D. Participatory

36. Skill in writing, speaking, listening, presenting is called _____ skill

- A. Observing
- B. Interpreting
- C. Communication
- D. Analyzing

37. Teaching method in which two teams discuss a single topic. One team argues in favour of the issue whereas the other team oppose the topic is called _____

- A. Debate
- B. Lecture
- C. Role play
- D. Demonstration

38. Sense of competition among students is a _____ sign

- A. Unhealthy
- B. Healthy
- C. Improper
- D. Bad

39. Educational programs and curriculum are formulated to achieve _____

- A. Extracurricular activities
- B. Program objectives
- C. Political motives
- D. None of these

40. Which type of evaluation is conducted during the instruction.

- A. Summative
- B. Terminal
- C. Additional
- D. Formative

41. Which is traditional and most popular form of educational assessment

- A. Written
- B. Practical
- C. Oral
- D. Portfolio

42. Written form of assessment encourages _____ among students

- A. Conceptual study
- B. Memorization
- C. All inclusive study
- D. Consistency

43. Which form of assessment is most suitable to assess Psycho-motor domain of learning?

- A. Home work
- B. Written
- C. Practical
- D. Conventional

44. Purpose of _____ is to ensure that the assessment should serve the desired purpose for which it is intended.

- A. Validity
- B. Reliability
- C. Functionality
- D. Subjectivity

45. In _____ questions students have freedom to express themselves

- A. Objective type
- B. Open ended
- C. Closed ended
- D. Rewrite item

46. The question which has predetermined answer is called _____ type question

- A. Subjective
- B. Long answer
- C. Objective
- D. Open ended

47. Continuous assessment leads to the comparison of past and _____ performance

- A. Future
- B. Present
- C. Older
- D. None of these

48. Complete coverage of curriculum is possible in _____ assessment.

- A. Terminal
- B. Formative
- C. Continuous
- D. All of these

49. In essay type questions, answers are _____

- A. Lengthy and time consuming
- B. Short but require lot of time
- C. Lengthy but require less time
- D. Short and less time consuming

50. Which type of essay type questions have more flexibility?

- A. Restricted response
- B. Extended response
- C. Both these
- D. None of these

51. Questions for assessment should be in accordance with the _____

- A. Course objectives only
- B. Curriculum only
- C. Difficulty level of students only
- D. All of these

52. In essay type questions, marking is _____.

- A. Similar
- B. Not uniform
- C. Uniform
- D. All of these

53. Difficulty level of objective type questions is considered appropriate when _____ of weaker students give right answer.

- A. 10%
- B. 100%
- C. 50%
- D. 75%

54. _____ type questions bring reliability in assessment

- A. Essay
- B. Objective
- C. Oral
- D. All of these

55. Which types of questions measure skill in describing and organizing the material?

- A. Objective
- B. Matching questions
- C. Essay
- D. All of these

56. Types of questions requiring words, phrase or fact from students to complete the sentence are called _____

- A. Alternate response questions
- B. Completion questions
- C. Rewrite questions
- D. Matching questions

57. Which of the following Boards conduct examinations and offer diploma in different trades?

- A. Armed Forces Examination Board
- B. BISE
- C. Boards of technical education
- D. All of these

58. Main objective of NEAS and PEAS is to monitor the assessment at _____ level

- A. High
- B. Intermediates
- C. Elementary
- D. Undergraduate

59. People generally remember _____ what they hear

- A) 10%
- B) 20%
- C) 50%
- D) 100%

60. Leadership is the ability

- A. To influence only
- B. To motivate only
- C. To achieve organizational goals only
- D. All of these

61. Which is not the type of administration?

- A. Instructional administration
- B. Authoritarian administration
- C. Democratic administration
- D. Laissez Faire administration

62. Authoritative administration is based on

- A. Dictatorship
- B. Mutual sharing
- C. Democratic
- D. None of the these

63. Which is not the characteristic of authoritative administration?

- A. Rudeness
- B. Suppressing the subordinates
- C. Strict discipline
- D. Sharing

64. Democratic administration is based on

- A. Dictatorship
- B. Mutual sharing
- C. Non-interference
- D. None of the these

65. Respect of opinion is the feature of

- A. Authoritative administration
- B. Democratic administration
- C. Laissez Faire administration
- D. All of these

66. 'Boss is always right' is the feature of
- A. Authoritative administration
 - B. Democratic administration
 - C. Laissez Faire administration
 - D. None of these
67. Arrangement of physical resources is
- A. Instructional tasks
 - B. Non-instructional tasks
 - C. Instructional and non-instructional tasks
 - D. None of these
68. The function of educational administration and management is
- A. Instructional tasks
 - B. Non-instructional tasks
 - C. Instructional and non-instructional tasks
 - D. None of these
69. The goal of the ----- is to empower those who follow them to create radical, positive change in their own lives
- A. Authoritative leadership
 - B. Transformational leadership
 - C. Authoritative leadership
 - D. Laissez Faire leadership
70. The term school leadership came into existence in the
- A. 18th century
 - B. 19th century
 - C. 20th century
 - D. 21st century
71. To make arrangements is the part of
- A. Planning
 - B. Organizing
 - C. Commanding
 - D. Coordinating
72. Execution of plans and decisions is the part of
- A. Planning
 - B. Organizing
 - C. Commanding
 - D. Coordinating

73. To bring harmony among all the elements of the programme is
- A. Planning
 - B. Organizing
 - C. Commanding
 - D. Coordinating
74. The power delegated throughout an organization is
- A. Control
 - B. Command
 - C. Centralization
 - D. Decentralization
75. Democratic leadership is also called as
- A. Transformational leadership
 - B. Participative leadership
 - C. Transactional leadership
 - D. Authoritative leadership
76. The term Laissez Faire from which language
- A. American
 - B. Russian
 - C. Persian
 - D. French
77. Which theory identifies behavior that are common in leaders
- A. Contingency theory
 - B. Trait theory
 - C. Great Man theory
 - D. None of these
78. ----- Theories which view that leadership is dependent upon the situations
- A. Great Man
 - B. Trait
 - C. Contingency
 - D. Fiedler's
79. Those who like to work on their own rather than having a team work are associated with
- A. Interpersonal intelligence
 - B. Intrapersonal intelligence
 - C. Spatial intelligence
 - D. None of these

80. The mental thinking or the feeling of a person at a particular instance knowingly or unknowingly is called
- A. Feeling
 - B. Emotion
 - C. Intelligence
 - D. None of these
81. Which one among the following is known as an essential medium for the self-expression and harmonious development of the child
- A. Story telling
 - B. Practical teaching
 - C. Dramatization
 - D. Art education
82. The type of learning which involves the language we speak and write
- A. Motor learning
 - B. Verbal learning
 - C. Concept learning
 - D. None of these
83. It is the form of learning which requires higher order mental processes like thinking reasoning intelligence
- A. Learning of principles
 - B. Concept learning
 - C. Verbal learning
 - D. Motor learning
84. The theory which examines patterns of interaction between the individual and the total field or environment
- A. Cognitive field theory
 - B. Stimulus response theory
 - C. Association theory
 - D. Hull's theory
85. Association between mathematics and psychology was claimed by.
- A. The Hullian theory
 - B. Stimulus response theory
 - C. Gestalt theory
 - D. Association theory

86. The theory which can help abstract some of the basic ideas concerning the changes in the nervous system is known as
- A. Gestalt theory
 - B. The Hullian theory
 - C. Association theory
 - D. Hebb's theory
87. Higher order learning process which is very useful to overcome the difficult situations encountered by the people
- A. Attitude learning
 - B. Problem solving
 - C. Discrimination learning
 - D. Concept learning
88. Feedback and reinforcement is associated with
- A. Classical conditioning of behaviorism
 - B. Operant conditioning of behaviorism
 - C. Both a and b
 - D. None of these
89. A psychological or internal process initiated by some need which leads to the activity which will satisfy that need is called
- A. Intelligence
 - B. Motivation
 - C. Psychology
 - D. Moral development
90. The motivation which does not depend upon the stimulus from outside is known as
- A. Intrinsic motivation
 - B. Extrinsic motivation
 - C. Both a and b
 - D. None of these
91. The realization of one's duty is the example of
- A. Extrinsic motivation
 - B. Intrinsic motivation
 - C. External motivation
 - D. None of these

92. The theory which views biological or genetic programming as the cause of motivation is known as
- A. Pawn theory
 - B. Instinct theory
 - C. Need theory
 - D. Stimulation theory
93. The ability to recognize various forms of information and to understand information is known as
- A. Memory
 - B. Cognition
 - C. Psychomotor
 - D. Motivation
94. According to Piaget theory stage of concrete operations is from
- A. Birth to 2 years
 - B. 2 to 7 years
 - C. 7 to 11 years
 - D. 11 to adulthood
95. At which stage children learn about the world through their senses and body movements
- A. Sensorimotor stage
 - B. Preoperational stage
 - C. Concrete operation stage
 - D. Formal operation stage
96. Egocentrism is associated with
- A. Formal operation stage
 - B. Concrete operational stage
 - C. Preoperational stage
 - D. Sensorimotor stage
97. The word psychology is derived from the Greek word Psycho and Logos while Logos means
- A. Mind
 - B. Soul
 - C. Science
 - D. Both a and b

98. Psychology has been defined at four different stages At third stage it was defined as
- A. Study of total behavior
 - B. Study of mind
 - C. Study of soul
 - D. Study of consciousness
99. Scientific study of changes that occur in human beings over the course of their life span is called
- A. Educational psychology
 - B. Developmental psychology
 - C. Cross-cultural psychology
 - D. None of these
100. Individuals respond to a set of questions in
- A. Introspection method
 - B. Observation method
 - C. Questionnaire method
 - D. Anecdotal method
101. The spiritual or immaterial part of a human being regarded as immortal
- A. Mind
 - B. Soul
 - C. Body
 - D. None of these
102. According to Blooms Taxonomy skill is associated with
- A. Psychomotor domain
 - B. Affective domain
 - C. Cognitive domain
 - D. Both a and b
103. Feeling is part of which domain of learning
- A. Affective
 - B. Cognitive
 - C. Psychomotor
 - D. None of these
104. Which of the following is correct order of skills involved in affective domain
- A. Organizing/characterizing/responding/ valuing/ receiving
 - B. Valuing/Characterizing/organizing/ responding/receiving
 - C. Receiving/ responding/ valuing/ organizing/ characterizing
 - D. Valuing/responding/ receiving/ organizing/ characterizing

105. An annual family gathering is an example of
- A. Transitory group
 - B. Re-current group
 - C. Both a and b
 - D. None of these
106. Stage of group dynamics in which situation of chaos is settled and I is replaced with We is known as
- A. Forming
 - B. Storming
 - C. Norming
 - D. Adjourning
107. Leadership style based on the traditional method of education emphasis in a topdown approach
- A. Transformational style
 - B. Hierarchical style
 - C. Facilitative style
 - D. None of these
108. According to the theory of moral development children at this level are concerned about being accepted by others and living up to their expectations
- A. Pre-conventional level
 - B. Conventional level
 - C. Post conventional level
 - D. None of these
109. Aesthetics is a set of values relating to
- A. Skills
 - B. Behavior
 - C. Nature and appreciation of beauty
 - D. Early childhood development
110. The stage of group formation which is usually characterized by some confusion and uncertainty is called
- A. Performing
 - B. Forming
 - C. Storming
 - D. Norming

111. Collecting different objects of interests like stamps and coins follows the instinct of
- A. Self- assertion
 - B. Appeal
 - C. Construction
 - D. Acquisition
112. People respond only to rewards sanctions and incentives according to
- A. Theory X
 - B. Theory Y
 - C. Both a and b
 - D. None of these
113. Study unusual pattern of behavior is called
- A. Abnormal Psychology
 - B. General Psychology
 - C. Behavior Psychology
 - D. Clinical Psychology
114. Study of behaviors of living organism is called
- A. Abnormal Psychology
 - B. General Psychology
 - C. Behavioral Psychology
 - D. Clinical Psychology
115. Study of mental processes such as attention, language use, memory, problem solving and understanding is known as
- A. Biological Psychology
 - B. Bio Psychology
 - C. Cognitive psychology
 - D. Developmental Psychology
116. Scientific study of human learning is called
- A. Abnormal Psychology
 - B. General Psychology
 - C. Educational Psychology
 - D. Clinical Psychology

117. Investigating individual differences, that is, how people can differ from one another is called
- A. Abnormal Psychology
 - B. General Psychology
 - C. Personality Psychology
 - D. Clinical Psychology
118. The word psychology is derived from the Greek word Psycho and Logos. Psycho means
- A. Mind
 - B. Soul
 - C. Behavior
 - D. Both a and b
119. School of psychology which deals with finding the elements which make up the mind is.
- A. Functionalism
 - B. Structuralism
 - C. Behaviorism
 - D. None of these
120. According to Bloom's Taxonomy "Adaptation" is associated with.
- A. Psychomotor domain
 - B. Affective domain
 - C. Cognitive domain
 - D. Both a and b
121. Comprehension is part of which domain of learning.
- A. Affective
 - B. Cognitive
 - C. Psychomotor
 - D. None of these
122. Synthesis is part of.
- A. Affective domain
 - B. Psychomotor domain
 - C. Cognitive domain
 - D. Both a and b

123. Which one of the following instinct is excited in a child when a dog or some fearful object approaches him.
- A. Pugnacity
 - B. Escape
 - C. Self-assertion
 - D. Curiosity
124. Trust Vs mistrust associates with.
- A. Erick Erikson theory
 - B. Kohlberg's theory
 - C. Piaget's theory
 - D. None of these
125. Affective domain of learning deals with.
- A. Thinking
 - B. Emotions and feelings
 - C. Physical activity
 - D. Both a and b
126. Type of persons who empathize with others, value human interaction and personal experience are known as.
- A. Intuitions
 - B. Sensors
 - C. Feelers
 - D. Thinkers
127. In psychomotor domain, learners are more involved in difficult tasks and actions are performed without hesitation, it is known as.
- A. Adaptation
 - B. Mechanism
 - C. Complex overt response
 - D. Set
128. Farmers, gardeners, florists, geologist and archaeologists have
- A. Naturalist intelligence
 - B. Verbal or linguistic intelligence
 - C. Logical or mathematical intelligence
 - D. Visual intelligence

129. Psychiatry spiritual counseling and philosophy are associated with
- A. Interpersonal intelligence
 - B. Intrapersonal intelligence
 - C. Musical intelligence
 - D. Spatial intelligence
130. According to multiple intelligence theory making graphs is associated with
- A. Logical or mathematical intelligence
 - B. Casual spatial intelligence
 - C. Verbal or linguistic intelligence
 - D. None of these
131. Learning is the process of connecting symbols in a meaningful and memorable way is advocated by
- A. Behaviorism
 - B. Cognitivism
 - C. Social learning theory
 - D. Social constructivism
132. Which of the following theories is the basis of the movement against violence in media and video games
- A. Social Learning Theory
 - B. Constructivism
 - C. Behaviorism
 - D. Cognitivism
133. Those who specialize in measuring psychological characteristics for intelligence and personality are known as
- A. Psychometricians
 - B. Biologists
 - C. Physiologists
 - D. Chemists
134. The ability to think on the spot and solve novel problems is associated with
- A. Fluid intelligence
 - B. Crystallized intelligence
 - C. Memory development
 - D. Motivation

135. Directive training methods include.
- A. Lectures and Quizzes
 - B. Case study
 - C. Symposium
 - D. Seminar
136. Training is a process of acquisition of
- A. Knowledge only
 - B. Skills only
 - C. Attitude only
 - D. All of these
137. One-way communication, teacher is the sole authority, passive participation of trainees are characteristics of
- A. Lecture
 - B. Discussion
 - C. Demonstration
 - D. None of these
138. Show something by doing, especially about skills is the characteristics of
- A. Lecture
 - B. Discussion
 - C. Demonstration
 - D. None of these
139. Learning from fellows is the characteristics of
- A. Lecture
 - B. Quiz
 - C. Demonstration
 - D. Peer teaching
140. Everyone is given chance to express his/her views, opinions and advices are characteristics of
- A. Non-directive teaching methods
 - B. Discussion
 - C. Demonstration
 - D. Peer teaching

141. In Pakistan teachers at the elementary and secondary levels are mostly trained.
- A. Prescribed curriculum only
 - B. Recruited not on the bases of professional qualification
 - C. Politics
 - D. None of these
142. The policy and planning wing Ministry of Education Govt. of Pakistan Islamabad in 2009 framed the standards for teachers training
- A. Subject matter knowledge only
 - B. Human growth and development only
 - C. Knowledge of Islamic ethical values and social life skills only
 - D. All of these
143. Which one is not the standards for Accreditation of Teacher Education are.
- A. Curriculum and instruction
 - B. Assessment and evaluation
 - C. Finance and management
 - D. Entertainment and recreations
144. Training provided before entering the profession for securing the basic skills of teaching is called.
- A. Pre- service training
 - B. In-service training
 - C. Refresher courses
 - D. None of theses
145. Training provided after entering the profession for updating knowledge and skills is called.
- A. Pre- service training
 - B. In-service training
 - C. Refresher courses
 - D. None of theses
146. Teachers can update themselves by indulging in dynamic reading, browsing online is known as.
- A. Pre- service training
 - B. In-service training
 - C. Refresher courses
 - D. Self-development

147. Psychological factors include.
- A. Aptitude and mental health only
 - B. Natural ability to learn only
 - C. Orientation and fear of failure only
 - D. All of these
148. Teacher training refers to the policies, procedures and provision designed to equip teachers with
- A. Knowledge only
 - B. Skills only
 - C. Attitudes and behavior only
 - D. All of these
149. Technology can provide students with.
- A. Individualized learning platforms
 - B. Instant feedback and assessment.
 - C. Both a and b
 - D. None of these
150. The main purpose of teacher education is to develop.
- A. skill to stimulate experience in the taught only
 - B. under an artificially created environment only
 - C. Less with material resources and more by the creation of an emotional atmosphere only
 - D. All of these
151. Which one is not an aspect of effective teaching includes.
- A. Effective management of classroom
 - B. Starting each class with clear objectives
 - C. Diagnosing common student errors
 - D. Negative criticism
152. The aces of effective teaching are
- A. Outcomes only
 - B. Clarity only
 - C. Engagement and Enthusiasm only
 - D. All of these

153. In deductive reasoning we argue from
- A. General to specific
 - B. Specific to general
 - C. Vertical
 - D. Horizontal
154. In inductive reasoning we argue from
- A. General to specific
 - B. Specific to general
 - C. Vertical
 - D. Horizontal
155. The main focus of teacher training is:
- A. Knowledge & Skills
 - B. Problem creation
 - C. Starts Politics
 - D. All of above
156. Which method is closer to lecture method
- A. Conference
 - B. Seminar
 - C. Workshop
 - D. Group meeting
157. Teacher is a person who makes
- A. Nation only
 - B. Personality only
 - C. Society only
 - D. All of these
158. Purpose of teachers training is:
- A. To give new skills only
 - B. Brief about new technique only
 - C. Developing attitude towards teaching only
 - D. All of these
159. Need for training arises because
- A. Environmental changes
 - B. Organizational complexity
 - C. Change in the job assignment
 - D. All of these

160. The role of teacher education institutions during training are to
- A. educate new teachers
 - B. create teacher education curricula
 - C. carry out research
 - D. All of above
161. Those who possess FA/F.Sc. certificate, they are given one year training known as
- A. B.Ed.
 - B. CT
 - C. M.Ed.
 - D. M.Cad
162. The training course should follow one principle to meet the participants'
- A. Needs
 - B. Not to ensure a positive and productive atmosphere
 - C. Non-Trust
 - D. Non-Professionalism
163. One of the 21st century skill is
- A. Non-collaboration
 - B. Creativity
 - C. Non-Productivity
 - D. Non-Entrepreneurship
164. Future direction of teaching is
- A. Online classes
 - B. Lecture methods
 - C. Conventional learning
 - D. None of these
165. The main focus of initial training is:
- A. Procedural knowledge
 - B. Imparting no expertise
 - C. Not to starts workshop
 - D. All of these
166. The drawbacks of teacher trainings are
- A. Trainers are expensive
 - B. Trainers may not be available at right time
 - C. May be complex to get everyone together
 - D. All of the these

167. Method for assessing learning needs are
- A. Informal conversations only
 - B. Structured interviews only
 - C. Focus groups only
 - D. All of these

168. Training cycle have following points.
- A. Financial resources only
 - B. Academic resources only
 - C. Manpower only
 - D. All of these

169. Which of the following is not an on-job training method
- A. Coaching
 - B. Job rotation
 - C. Continuous training
 - D. Pre-service training

170. Trainer should not have
- A. Knowledge
 - B. Experience
 - C. Relevant qualification
 - D. Arrogance

171. Taking text or idea from the work of other writers and using them in your own work, without acknowledging them is called

- A. Similarity Index
- B. Plagiarism
- C. Turnitin
- D. None of above

172. Which one of the following statements is not considered as Plagiarism?

- A. Not providing a reference when you have used somebody's idea
- B. Copying a few sentences from an article on the internet without giving a reference
- C. Taking a paragraph from a classmate's essay without giving a reference
- D. Presenting the results of your own research

173. Changing a text so that it is substantially different from the source, while retaining the meaning is called

- A. Paraphrasing
- B. Rephrasing
- C. Paragraphing
- D. None of above

174. Which of the following is (are) techniques of paraphrasing?

- A. Changing vocabulary only
- B. Changing word class only
- C. Changing word order only
- D. Changing vocabulary, word class and word order

175. Which one of the following is an idiomatic vocabulary

- A. Dad
- B. Father
- C. Mother
- D. Brother

176. Which of the following phrase is more acceptable in scientific writing?

- A. About a hundred of years ago
- B. Once upon a time
- C. Approximately 100 years ago
- D. none of above

177. In conclusion we should not use

- A. Absolute language
- B. Cautious phrases
- C. Tentative language
- D. All of these

178. In scientific writing, we should not use adverbs i.e. luckily, surprisingly because it reflects

- A. Personal attitude
- B. Absolute language
- C. Imprecise situation
- D. Informal situation

179. When a comma would be too weak and a full stop too strong then _____ is used

- A. Colon
- B. Semi-colon
- C. Apostrophe
- D. Inverted comma

180. Which one of the following is used to introduced explanation

- A. Comma
- B. Full stop
- C. Colon
- D. Semi-colon

181. Avoiding plagiarism include

- A. Selecting key points
- B. Note making
- C. Paraphrasing
- D. All of these

182. From Pakistan to Pakistani is an example of changing

- A. Word class
- B. Word order
- C. Word vocabulary
- D. None of these

183. For the very first time, which of the following act/policy/plan had pushed the British East India Company to acknowledge the promotion of education in India

- A. 1813 Act
- B. Lord Macaulays Education Policy 1835
- C. Bombay Plan
- D. 1835 Act

184. With the efforts of R.R.M Roy, the Calcutta College was established for imparting

- A. Western education to Indian people
- B. Eastern education to Indian people
- C. Religious education to Indian people
- D. Chinese education to Indian people

185. General Committee of Public Instruction was constituted during

- A. 1823
- B. 1935
- C. 1942
- D. 1945

186. Lord Macaulay presented his famous Education Policy during

- A. 1835
- B. 1939
- C. 1941
- D. 1929

187. In India, English become court language and Persian was abolished as court language as a result of

- A. Lord Macaulay's Education policy
- B. General Committee of Public Instruction
- C. Commission of Hunter
- D. None of these

188. Technical and vocational education refers to education and that prepares people for

- A. Self-employment only
- B. Entrepreneurship development only
- C. Both Self-employment and Entrepreneurship development
- D. None of these

189. In Pakistan, National Vocational Technical Education Commission (NAVTEC) was established during

- A. 1995
- B. 2005
- C. 2015
- D. 2010

190. In south Asian countries, which country trained the maximum workers percentage of various professions

- A. Bhutan
- B. Srilanka
- C. Nepal
- D. Maldives

191. In South Asian countries, which country has the minimum enrolment percentage in vocational institutions?

- A. Pakistan
- B. India
- C. China
- D. None of these

192. Polarization in the society is the result of

- A. Lack of uniformity in education
- B. Poor system of examination
- C. Low budgetary allocation for education
- D. None of these

193. The current curricula of Pakistani education system emphasize on

- A. Creativity
- B. Memorization
- C. Participatory approach
- D. Research

194. The examination system of Pakistan tests theof the students

- A. Memory
- B. All aspect Learning
- C. Creativity
- D. None of these

195. In service teachers training also called

- A. Pre-service teachers training
- B. Continuous professional development
- C. Internship training
- D. Post service teacher training

196. In Pakistani education system

- A. Teachers ready to accept the change
- B. Teachers are reluctant to accept the change
- C. Teachers don't need the change
- D. None of these

197. The curriculum for the education of teachers in Pakistan is mainly dependent on?

- A. Imported theories
- B. Theories evolved from indigenous experiences
- C. Islamic theories
- D. Internally theories

198. According to the recent data how many TVET institutions exists in the country in both public and private sectors

- A. About 1000
- B. About 3000
- C. About 5000
- D. About 7000

199. In 1st education conference during 1947, which dimensions of education were proposed by the minister of education:

- A. Social and spiritual
- B. Social, physical and spiritual
- C. Social, vocational and spiritual
- D. Social, vocational, physical and spiritual

200. In National commission on education 1959, education of -----years was made compulsory:

- A. 2
- B. 5
- C. 10
- D. 14

201. New education policy (1970) was not implemented due to:

- A. War with India
- B. Separation of East Pakistan
- C. Collapse of military government
- D. All of these

202. Nationalization of educational institutions was an agenda of

- A. An education policy announced by Z.A. Bhutto in 1972
- B. National education policy 1979
- C. National education policy 1992
- D. National Education Policy 1998-2010

203. Creating a concept of Muslim Ummah was a salient feature of the Education policy announced by:

- A. Ayub Khan government
- B. Z.A. Bhutto government
- C. Zia ul Haq government
- D. Nawaz Shareef government

204. Education sector reforms (2005-2010) originated from :

- A. Japanese model
- B. Education policy 1998-2010
- C. National education policy 1979
- D. None of these

205. The major thrust area of Education sector reforms (2005-2010) were:

- A. Free and universal primary education
- B. Free text books
- C. Equal access to opportunities of learning
- D. All of these

206. After 18th amendment, education is a responsibility of

- A. Federation
- B. Province
- C. Division
- D. Tehsil

207. Which one of the following organizations is responsible for university education in Pakistan

- A. Higher Education commission
- B. BISE
- C. TEVTA
- D. Private Education Board

208. Assistant Education officer is responsible for the observation of -----schools at least once in 3 months

- A. Primary school only
- B. Middle (elementary) schools only
- C. Primary and middle schools
- D. Secondary schools only

209. The major school of jurisprudence (Fiqh) in sunni Islam are:

- A. 1
- B. 4
- C. 8
- D. 12

210. Historically which one was not the component of Islamic education curriculum

- A. Tafseer
- B. Haith
- C. Fiqh
- D. Science

211. The first National education conference in Pakistan was held in

- A. Karachi
- B. Lahore
- C. Peshawar
- D. Dhaka

212. The first National education conference was convened by

- A. Quid e Azam
- B. Liaqat Ali Khan
- C. Shorash Kashmiri
- D. Muhammad Ali Bogra

213. In the first National education conference, how many educational committees were formed:

- A. 3
- B. 5
- C. 7
- D. 9

214. The Education minister of the Punjab province is

- A. Akbar Ayub
- B. Murad Raas
- C. Syed Sardar Ali Shah
- D. Shafqat Mehmood

215. The responsibility of curriculum development in Punjab bears by

- A. Punjab Higher Education Department
- B. Punjab Curriculum and Textbook Board
- C. Board of Intermediate and secondary education
- D. None of these

216. What is the main centre of informal Education?

- A. Society
- B. Family
- C. Radio and Television
- D. All of the these

217. Which is the first school for a child's education?

- A) Society
- B) Friends
- C) Family
- D) School

218. Which one of the following education systems support scientific progress?

- A) Realistic Education
- B) Idealistic Education
- C) Naturalistic Education
- D) None of these

219. What is the meaning of lesson plan?
- A) To read the lesson before teaching it
 - B) To prepare all that the teacher wants to teach in a limited period
 - C) To prepare detailed answers of all the questions to be asked in the class
 - D) To prepare the list of questions to be asked.
220. An ideal educational experience should
- A. Discourage the students
 - B. Encourage and satisfy the student's needs
 - C. Demotivate the students
 - D. Punish the students
221. The autobiography has the advantage over the questionnaire in terms of:
- A. Validity
 - B. Objectivity
 - C. Accuracy
 - D. Reaction of pupil to his environment
222. A well-organized community survey can be expected to produce information concerning:
- A. Number and kinds of occupations pursued in the community
 - B. Training needed and specific skills required for various occupations
 - C. Training facilities and opportunities for cultural pursuits
 - D. All of these
223. In concluding a community survey it is desirable to:
- A. Organize a steering committee with representation from community groups
 - B. Consult the number of chambers of commerce and labor unions as sources of information
 - C. Make the objectives as general as possible altering them as they survey proceeds
 - D. A & B
224. In providing for follow-up activities a good guidance administrator takes the altitude that:
- A. Without the follow-up, all guidance services are incomplete
 - B. Follow-up activities are needed while the pupil is in school
 - C. The double postal card makes the best follow-up device
 - D. A & B
225. In making a follow-up study the guidance worker should:
- A. Coordinate the work with plans for post-school counseling
 - B. Do not use exit interviews
 - C. Do not coordinate the work with plans for counseling
 - D. None of these
226. Selecting a sample at the outset of a study and then at each data collection point, over an extended time period, surveying the same sample is the function of ----- studies
- A. Cohort

- B. Outset
- C. Changing
- D. Panel

227. A common type of statistic used in descriptive research is a

- A. Measure of central tendency
- B. Nonparametric test
- C. Test for the difference between variance
- D. One-tailed test of statistical significance

228. If a variable is measured before administering the experimental treatment, this measure is called

- A. Pretest
- B. Measure only
- C. Random measure
- D. Posttest

229. Experimental mortality is a serious threat to----- validity of an experiment.

- A. Internal
- B. External
- C. None
- D. Both a and b

230. Teacher training should be emphasized on

- A. Subject centered curriculum only
- B. Learner centered curriculum only
- C. Activity centered curriculum only
- D. All of these

231. Which one is not concerned with teacher training?

- A. BISE
- B. University of Education
- C. HEC Pakistan
- D. HEC Punjab

232. HRM stands for

- A. Human resource management
- B. Human resource moderation
- C. Human resource multiplication
- D. None of these

233. HRD stands for

- A. Human Resource Degradation
- B. Human Resource Development
- C. Human Resource Duplication
- D. None of these

234. Human Resource Development is a part of

- A. Human Resource Devolution
- B. Human Resource Management
- C. Human Resource Moderation
- D. None of these

235. Any message given by other than words is called:

- A. Verbal Communication
- B. Non-Verbal Communication
- C. Audio Communication
- D. Visual Communication

236. The major function of Television is to provide:

- A. Entertainment only
- B. Information only
- C. Education only
- D. All the these

237. The famous communication Model 'SMCR' was devised by:

- A. Berlo
- B. Lasswell
- C. Osgood
- D. Schramm

238. Radio is a:

- A. Cool medium
- B. Hot medium
- C. Both 'a' and 'b'
- D. None of these

239. Communication without words is called

- A. Visual communication
- B. Non-Verbal communication
- C. Mass communication
- D. None of these

240. Conjunctions are words and phrases such as _____ which join parts of a sentence together

- A. Is or are
- B. He or she
- C. And or but

D. None of these

241. There are _____ common types of conjunctions in technical writing:

- A. Four
- B. Five
- C. Six
- D. Seven

242. Capital letters in modern English should be used in the following cases:

- A. Nationality words
- B. Days and months
- C. Titles
- D. All of these

243. Apostrophe is used in the situation of _____:

- A. Compromise
- B. Possessiveness
- C. To link the sentences
- D. A & b

244. _____ are used to show the link between two connected phrases, when a comma would be too weak and a full stop too strong.

- A. Colon
- B. Apostrophes
- C. Semi-colon
- D. Comma

245. The power delegated throughout an organization is

- A. Control
- B. Command
- C. Decentralization
- D. Centralization

246. Which pension is granted to civil servant who retires in the age of sixty

- A. Superannuation
- B. Invalid
- C. Termination
- D. Compensation

247. The process of directing others, towards the accomplishment of some objectives is

- A. Communication
- B. Managing
- C. Workmanship
- D. None of these

248. Micro planning is done in
- A. Top Management
 - B. Middle Management
 - C. Lower Management
 - D. Middle and Lower Management

249. Curriculum is supposed to:
- A. Achieve the objectives only
 - B. Be organized by the school only
 - C. Both a & b
 - D. None of a & b

250. Learning means:
- A. Acquisition of knowledge
 - B. Teaching process
 - C. Curriculum change
 - D. None of these

251. The outline of the contents is:
- A. Thesis
 - B. Syllabus
 - C. Program
 - D. All of these

252. Components of curriculum are:
- A. Evaluation
 - B. Objectives
 - C. Teaching strategies
 - D. All of these

253. Models of curriculum presently being used at any stage in Pakistan is:
- A. Activity only
 - B. Subject only
 - C. Integrated only
 - D. All of these

254. Instrument used for measuring behavior is?
- A. Evaluation
 - B. Measurement
 - C. Assessment
 - D. All of these

255. Limited to quantitative description of pupil's performance is?
- A. Test
 - B. Measurement
 - C. Assessment
 - D. Evaluation

256. The purpose of the evaluation is to make
- A. Correlation
 - B. Prediction
 - C. Judgment
 - D. Contradiction
257. The purpose of evaluation is to make judgment about education
- A. Quantity
 - B. Quality
 - C. Time period
 - D. Age
258. Evaluation that monitors learning during the course of study is called
- A. Placement evaluation
 - B. Formative evaluation
 - C. Diagnostic evaluation
 - D. Summative evaluation
259. Education according to John Dewy
- A. Preparation for life
 - B. Getting knowledge
 - C. Learning by doing
 - D. Schooling
260. Which of the following is not the characteristic of education
- A. Lifelong activity
 - B. Factual absorption
 - C. Formal and informal activities
 - D. Experiences of life
261. Determining the aim of education is the responsibility of
- A. Parents
 - B. Teachers
 - C. Society
 - D. All of these
262. Non-formal education has
- A. Flexible rules of entry and exit
 - B. Rigid rules of entry and exit
 - C. No rules of entry and exit
 - D. Few rules of entry and exit

263. _____ is multipurpose device.
- A. T.V
 - B. Mobile phone
 - C. Radio
 - D. Recorder
264. _____ can be used for quick information delivery.
- A. Electronic media
 - B. Print Media
 - C. Group contact methods
 - D. All of these
265. In _____ technique, there is one-way flow of information.
- A. Discussion
 - B. Lecture
 - C. Group meeting
 - D. Brainstorming
266. In _____ there is two-way flow of information.
- A. Lecture methods
 - B. Seminar
 - C. Discussion method
 - D. Symposium
267. Discussion method is more _____ as compared to lecture technique.
- (a) Time Saving
 - (b) Decisive
 - (c) Interactive
 - (d) All of these
268. Effectiveness of education activities can be enhanced
- A. by cheap use of AV-Aids
 - B. by no use of AV-Aids
 - C. by proper selection and use of AV-Aids
 - D. None of these
269. Which of the following are classified as electronic media
- A. Radio
 - B. TV
 - C. Computer
 - D. All of these
270. _____ is a representation of numerical data in visual form
- A. Graph
 - B. Flannel Board
 - C. Picture
 - D. Model

271. _____particularly suited for language barriers
- A. Poster
 - B. White Board
 - C. Handout
 - D. Audio Tape
272. A _____provides an exact depiction of something
- A. Memorization
 - B. Photograph
 - C. Drill and practice
 - D. Lecture
273. What is the place of principal in an educational institute?
- A. Teacher of the school
 - B. Manager of the school
 - C. Owner of the school
 - D. Founder of the school
274. If a student failed in any class what should be done to him?
- A. He should be given a chance
 - B. He should be kept in the same class
 - C. He should be advised to leave studies
 - D. All the above methods are right
275. Why are curriculum activities used in teaching?
- A. To assist the teacher
 - B. To make teaching interesting, easy to understand and effective
 - C. To make teaching attractive
 - D. All of these
276. What are the three components of the educational process?
- A. Education, teacher and books
 - B. Teacher, student and education
 - C. Teaching, learning and practice
 - D. Direction, instruction and skill
277. Generally, the data acquired through focus group discussions are analyzed through
- A. SPSS
 - B. Content analysis
 - C. T-test
 - D. ANOVA
278. Qualitative researchers are sometimes criticized as:

- A. Story tellers not researchers
- B. Manipulating with figures
- C. Statisticians with limited understanding
- D. All of the above

279. Qualitative researchers deal more with:

- A. Words rather than figures
- B. Figures rather than words
- C. Calculations rather than meanings
- D. Samples rather than case studies

280. Critical case samples are mostly used in:

- A. Quantitative research
- B. Basic research
- C. Qualitative research
- D. Evaluation

281. Assistance to top level management for strategic plans is provided by

- A. Transactional HR group
- B. Corporate HR group
- C. Embedded HR group
- D. Center of expertise

282. Features of a workforce, like age, gender or societal group is

- A. Diversity
- B. Demographics
- C. Skills
- D. Selection

283. Which of the following is an audio-visual aid?

- A. Radio
- B. Tape-recorder
- C. Projector
- D. Television

284. Black-board can be included in which group/category of teaching aids?

- A. Audio-aids
- B. Visual aids
- C. Audio-visual aids
- D. None of the above

285. Which of the following is related with teaching skill?

- A. Giving instructions to students
 - B. Management of an organization
 - C. Farming
 - D. All the above
286. In pedagogy computer is used
- A. To motivate the learner
 - B. To provide feedback
 - C. To interact with the learner
 - D. All of these
287. The best technique to use in making a teacher presentation clear is to
- A. Plan the presentation well and make it short
 - B. Limit the use of AV aids
 - C. Use slang and make the presentation informal
 - D. Use much repetition
288. A piece of writing published in a journal is called .
- A. Thesis
 - B. Report
 - C. Research Paper
 - D. Dissertation
289. Alphabetical list of all the citations given in the text is.
- A. Bibliography
 - B. Appendix
 - C. Index
 - D. References
290. Short summary (100-200 words) of the writer's purpose and findings is called
- A. Abstract
 - B. Case study
 - C. Conclusions
 - D. Recommendations
291. Supervision should be mainly
- A. Preventive and critical
 - B. Preventive and corrective
 - C. Constructive and creative
 - D. Construction and critical
292. The elementary school teachers are directly responsible to the

- A. Headmaster
 - B. District Officer (Education)
 - C. Parents
 - D. Students
293. The school policy should be determined by:
- A. The professional educators only
 - B. Headmasters only
 - C. Citizens only
 - D. All of these
294. Indication of democratic attitude is
- A. Equal rights
 - B. Participation
 - C. Cooperation
 - D. All of these
295. Important factor of curriculum is to help to achieve the:
- A. Objectives
 - B. Job
 - C. Education
 - D. Values
296. Responsible for curriculum planning and development in Pakistan is:
- A. Curriculum wings
 - B. Text book Boards
 - C. Secondary board
 - D. All of these
297. Mini culture in the context of education is:
- A. Home
 - B. Content
 - C. Curriculum
 - D. Classroom
298. Which domain of learning is not being evaluated through our present system of examination?
- A. Cognitive
 - B. Affective
 - C. Psychomotor
 - D. None of these

299. Broader in meaning is?
- A. Aims
 - B. Specific objectives
 - C. Instructional objectives
 - D. Special Objectives
300. In which question marking will be more reliable?
- A. Long answer
 - B. Short answer
 - C. Multiple choice question
 - D. Essay
301. The education confined to educational institution is
- A. Informal education
 - B. Non-formal education
 - C. Formal education
 - D. Learning
302. Education is imparted mostly through correspondence in
- A. Formal education
 - B. Distance education
 - C. Informal education
 - D. Technical education
303. What is the most important characteristics of non-formal education
- A. More teachers
 - B. More students
 - C. Limited formality
 - D. School
304. Formal education has more focus on well defined
- A. Curricula only
 - B. Contents only
 - C. Methods only
 - D. All of these
305. Which is not the element of educational process
- A. Objectives
 - B. Curriculum
 - C. Evaluation
 - D. Aging
306. Telephonic call should be _____ and comprehensive.

- A. Time consuming
 - B. Brief and comprehensive
 - C. Detailed
 - D. Ineffective
307. _____ is necessary for stress management.
- A. Dictatorship
 - B. Counseling
 - C. Creating pressure
 - D. Cohesive approach
308. Mass methods are used to deliver information to a _____ number of people.
- A. Small
 - B. Large
 - C. Specific
 - D. None of these
309. Print media are included in _____ contact methods.
- A. Mass
 - B. Group
 - C. Individual
 - D. All of these
310. In academic writing do not use idiomatic or colloquial vocabulary. For example
- A. Mom
 - B. Sister
 - C. Brother
 - D. Mother
311. In scientific writing style avoid the following
- A. Like for introducing examples
 - B. Phrases such as get better/worse
 - C. Good/bad are simplistic instead of positive or negative
 - D. All of these
312. What is the origin of the word Education?
- A. 'E' and 'Catum'
 - B. Edu and 'Catum'
 - C. Word 'Educate'
 - D. None of these.
313. Which of the following statements is correct?
- A. Education is an art
 - B. Education is a science
 - C. It is neither an art nor science
 - D. To some extent it is art and to some extent it is science.

314. What is called education acquired without any specific purpose, fixed period and place?
A. School education
B. Special Education
C. Informal Education
D. Formal Education.

315. What is the compulsory element of learning?
A. Aging
B. Broad Minded
C. Tendency to know
D. None of these.

316. Communication is a _____.
A. Theory
B. Strategy
C. Process
D. None of these

317. P.T.V. started its transmission in _____.
A. 1964
B. 1954
C. 1974
D. 1984

318. The medium through which the message travels to the receiver is called:
A. Decoding
B. Source
C. Channel
D. Encoding

319. In Results and Discussion chapter
A. Avoid verbal repetition of figures
B. Interpret results carefully
C. Digest reference carefully
D. All of these

320. _____ are used with certain words and structures
A) Hyphens (-)
B) Exclamation marks (!)
C) Brackets ()
D) None of these

321. Which one of the following is generally not written by the author.

- A. Foreword
- B. Preface
- C. Acknowledgment
- D. Introduction

322. Which of the following is the nature of curriculum

- A. Conservative only
- B. Critical only
- C. Creative only
- D. All of these

323. Curriculum provides guidance for:

- A. School
- B. Students only
- C. Teacher only
- D. Both b and c

324. Benefits of A.V Aids are that they:

- A. Create interest only
- B. Reduce verbalization only
- C. Stimulate self- activity only
- D. All of these

325. The term ICT in education means:

- A. Intelligent Communication Technology
- B. Information and Communication Technology
- C. International Campaign for Tibet
- D. Information and Computer Technology

326. Human brain works as:

- A. Storage of information
- B. Processor of information
- C. Creative thinker
- D. All of these

327. Which one of the following is not member of district education authority:

- A. DEO
- B. EDO (Education)
- C. DDO (Education)
- D. Counselors of Union Councils

328. The mirror of the society is:

- A. Hospital
 - B. Office
 - C. School
 - D. Playground
329. Types of individual differences are:
- A. Physical
 - B. Mental
 - C. Emotional
 - D. All of the these
330. A curriculum is blue print or plan to facilitate:
- A. Lawyers
 - B. Learners and teachers
 - C. Farmers
 - D. Businessmen
331. Which of the following is not a component of curriculum.
- A. Course contents
 - B. Specific objectives
 - C. Evaluation
 - D. Diagnostic assessment
332. Which of the following assessment is used by the school teacher to understand the inherent learning difficulties in the learners.
- A. Formative assessment
 - B. Summative assessment
 - C. Diagnostic assessment
 - D. None of these
333. Which form of assessment discourage the memorization?
- A. Oral
 - B. Written
 - C. Assignment
 - D. None of these
334. In which form of assessment the students are allowed to consult books and notes?
- A. Written
 - B. Oral
 - C. Pre-publicized test
 - D. Open-book exam
335. Which type of assessment is used for the improvement of remaining course.

- A. Formative
- B. Summative
- C. Diagnostic
- D. All of these

336. Objectives of a course are made in order to decide

- A. How to teach
- B. How to conduct assessment
- C. Why to conduct assessment
- D. What to teach

337. Assessment helps the teacher to determine the _____

- A. Health profile of students
- B. Achievements of the students
- C. Course objectives
- D. Extra-curricular activities

338. Learning is best when students use _____

- A. Reading only
- B. Still pictures
- C. All of their senses
- D. Listening to a lecture

339. Which of the following refers to the assigning scores or grades to students

- A. Assessment
- B. Evaluation
- C. Measurement
- D. None of these

340. In essay type questions, the answers are _____

- A. Lengthy and time consuming
- B. Short and time saving
- C. Lengthy by require less time
- D. Objective type

341. In essay type questions, marking is _____

- A. Reliable
- B. Uniform
- C. Not Uniform
- D. Similar

342. Which types of questions measure skill in describing and organizing the material?

- A. Objective type

- B. Matching question
- C. Completion of sentences
- D. Essay type

343. Complete coverage of course contents is possible in _____ type questions
- A. Multiple choice
 - B. Essay
 - C. Case study
 - D. Extended response essay
344. BISE stands for
- A. Board of Internal and Standard Education
 - B. Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education
 - C. Basics of Internship and Special Education
 - D. Bachelor of Information System Education
345. People generally remember _____ what they hear
- A. 10%
 - B. 20%
 - C. 30%
 - D. 50%
346. Purpose of _____ is to ensure that the assessment should serve the desired purpose for which it is intended.
- A. Reliability
 - B. General Objective
 - C. Validity
 - D. Specific objective
347. Clarity in objective type questions avoids _____
- A. Vocabulary
 - B. Specificity
 - C. Ambiguity
 - D. All of these
348. Who are the most important and major implementer of curriculum
- A. Teachers
 - B. Students
 - C. Parents
 - D. Managers
349. The greatest goal for a teacher should be a _____ for students
- A. Future wheel

- B. Devil's advocate
 - C. Role Model
 - D. All of these
350. Which method of learning gives student opportunity to openly express their views
- A. Lecture
 - B. Drill and practice
 - C. Questions and Answers
 - D. Discussion
351. Affective domain of learning deals with.
- A. Thinking
 - B. Emotions and feelings
 - C. Physical activity
 - D. Skills
352. The forum learning in which the participants carryout practical tasks and work together is called _____
- A. Conference
 - B. Seminar
 - C. Workshop
 - D. Group meeting
353. The process in which teachers can update themselves is called_____
- A. Pre- service training
 - B. In-service training
 - C. Refresher courses
 - D. Self-development
354. The process in which teachers get training before joining profession is called_____
- A. Pre- service training
 - B. In-service training
 - C. Refresher courses
 - D. Self-development
355. The most widely accepted method of education is
- A. lecturing by the teacher.
 - B. Memorization by students
 - C. learning by doing

D. None of these

356. Education acquired without any specific purpose, fixed period and place is termed as.

- A. Indirect education
- B. Individual education
- C. Informal education
- D. Formal education.

357. The first school for a child's education

- A. Society
- B. Friends
- C. Family
- D. School.

358. Curriculum development is a _____ process.

- A. Complex
- B. Simple
- C. Easy
- D. Deep

359. Learning experiences should be provided according to the _____ level of the learner.

- A. Physical
- B. Ethical
- C. Mental
- D. Social

360. The most important component of lesson plan is called _____

- A. School type
- B. Objectives of curriculum
- C. I.Q
- D. Educational institution

361. Curriculum should reflect the culture of _____
- A. Society
 - B. Home
 - C. School
 - D. None of these
362. The word psychology is derived from the Greek word Psycho and Logos. Psycho means
- A. Mind
 - B. Soul
 - C. Behavior
 - D. Physical condition
363. Comprehension is part of which domain of learning.
- A. Affective
 - B. Cognitive
 - C. Psychomotor
 - D. None of these
364. Inclusive education is a --- to meet the unique needs of a student with disabilities
- A. Separately designed instruction
 - B. Inclusively designed instruction
 - C. Specially designed instruction
 - D. None of the these
365. An emotionally disturbed child is mostly
- A. Happy
 - B. Naughty
 - C. Depressed
 - D. None of the above
366. In inclusive practice student receives instruction from:
- A. the general education teacher
 - B. special education teacher
 - C. the care provider
 - D. Both A and B

- 367 Mental Retardation is now referred to as:
- A. Intellectually impaired
 - B. Intellectually Disabled
 - C. Intellectually dysfunctional
 - D. None of the these
- 368 Symptoms of anxiety in children is/are
- A. Extreme depression
 - B. Extreme physical action
 - C. Extreme agitation
 - D. None of the above
- 369 The person who conducts speech therapy is actually a
- A. Speech language pathologist
 - B. Therapist
 - C. Doctor
 - D. Physical Training Instructor
370. Speech therapy is conducted on
- A. Individualized basis
 - B. Mass group basis
 - C. Very large group basis
 - D. None of these
- 371 The inability to learn that cannot be explained by intellectual, sensory or other health factors may belong to
- A. Multifactor disturbance
 - B. Undefined disturbance
 - C. Emotionally disturbance
 - D. None of the above
- 372 Autism is a developmental disability significantly affecting
- A. Verbal and non-verbal communication and social interaction
 - B. Playing abilities
 - C. Physical health

D. None of the above

373 Service and equipment that enhance the ability of students with special needs is called

A. Modern Technology

B. Productive Technology

C. Assistive Technology

D. None of the above

374 Instruction and service not normally provided by regular classes resource specialist programs or special day classes. They include speech therapy and adaptive physical education is known as

A. Designated Instruction service

B. Designated Intervention services

C. Designated Inability service

D. None of the above

375 Aesthetics is more concerned with:

A. Art skills

B. Art and design

C. Artistic values

D. Artistic styles

376 Axiology concerned with the questions of:

A. Sociology

B. Mathematics

C. Values

D. None of the above

377 Which branch of philosophy examines issues pertaining to the nature of ‘‘reality’’?

A. Ontology

B. Axiology

C. Metaphysics

D. Epistemology

378 Which is the most widely accepted method of education, according to the pragmatists?

A. Lecturing by teacher

B. Leaving the child free to learn

- C. Learning by doing
- D. Heuristic method

379 Ibn-e-Khaldun is famous for his

- A. Muqaddam-e-Tarikh
- B. Muqqadam-e-Sharoshairey
- C. Commentary on Aristote'politics
- D. Life of Timur

380 An important and basic question of educational philosophy is

- A. What is education
- B. What is universe
- C. What is curriculum
- D. What is curiosity

381 Iqbal 's concept of Ego (*Khudi*) or individuality that has prime importance in his thoughts, which was first presented in his book

- A. Bang-e-Dira
- B. Zarb-e-Kaleem
- C. Asrar-i-khudi
- D. Ramooz-e-be-khudi

382 According to Iqbal's educational philosophy, the good life must be a life of

- A. Piousness
- B. Active effort and struggle
- C. Passive submission to Allah
- D. None of the above

383 Iqbal is of the view that there are three qualities which should be cultivated by education

- A. Passion, wisdom and faith
- B. Love, affection and gratitude
- C. Action, thought and reflection
- D. Courage, tolerance and faqr

- 384 Who raised the slogan ‘‘Back to Nature’’?
- A. Realism
 - B. Pragmatism
 - C. Naturalism
 - D. Existentialism
- 385 Perennialism is an educational philosophy of
- A. Ethic
 - B. Modern values
 - C. Old values
 - D. None of the above
- 386 Religious education is strongly encouraged by
- A. Pragmatism
 - B. Idealism
 - C. Realism
 - D. Existentialism
- 387 The study of Ethics as a branch of philosophy is concerned with the nature of
- A. Human attitude
 - B. Human Relationships
 - C. Human behaviors
 - D. Human belief
- 388 The term ‘‘progressive education’’ related to
- A. Realism
 - B. Pragmatism
 - C. Idealism
 - D. Existentialism
- 389 Education, according to the pragmatism is
- A. Wholly pupil-oriented
 - B. Wholly society-oriented
 - C. Wholly purposive

- D. Wholly interdisciplinary
- 390 In practical teaching, the pragmatists are against
- A. The external examination
 - B. The specialist teachers
 - C. Breakdown knowledge into separate subjects
 - D. Internal spiritual values
- 391 Which one of the following education system supports scientific progress?
- A. Realistic Education
 - B. Idealistic Education
 - C. Naturalistic Education
 - D. None of the above
- 392 The most important thing to keep in mind for a teacher according to Realism in education is
- A. The Method of Teaching
 - B. The Value and Significance of What Is Taught
 - C. The Nature of The Child
 - D. Organization of The Content to Be Taught
- 393 The aim of education according to the Externalists is
- A. Humanitarian and humanist self-realization
 - B. Adaptation to practical life
 - C. Objective knowledge
 - D. A good understanding of the world outside
- 394 For the idealist, the curriculum is more valuable which contributes to the development of the mind as a
- A. Thinking unity
 - B. Unit of creativity
 - C. Store house of knowledge
 - D. Store house of reason
395. Special Education is concerned about the methods and practices used in teaching:
- A. Adults
 - B. Children
 - C. Handicaps
 - D. None of the above

396. In a class room the distance between teacher and student is related to:

- A. Proxemics
- B. Chronemics
- C. Silence
- D. Kinesics

397. Passive listeners are those who:

- A. Listen attentively
- B. Listen actively
- C. Don't listen attentively
- D. None of the above

398. Recommendations drawn from a research project should be based on:

- A. Main findings
- B. Literature reviewed
- C. Methodology
- D. None of the above

399. Extra-personnel communication is related to:

- A. Communication with non-human beings
- B. Communication with human beings
- C. Self-communication
- D. Inter-personnel communication

400. For creating -----, teacher may use real life examples:

- A. Interest
- B. Boredom
- C. Fatigue
- D. Dullness

401. Educational research is a form of ----- inquiry:

- A. Only learning based
- B. Scientific
- C. Chronological
- D. None of these

402. What is the compulsory element of learning?

- A. Ability to read
- B. Ability to write
- C. Ability to know
- D. All of above

403. Literature includes:

- A. Books
- B. Magazines
- C. Journals
- D. All of the above

404. For improving reading skills, vocabulary should be:

- A. Increased
- B. Decreased
- C. Static
- D. None of above

405. In class room communication gesture and facial expressions are included in:

- A. Proxemics
- B. Kinesics
- C. Haptic
- D. Para language

406. Listening is related to -----.

- A. Hearing
- B. Retention
- C. Comprehension
- D. All of the above

407. Andragogy is concerned about the methods and practices used in teaching especially:

- A. Adults
- B. Children
- C. Toddlers
- D. Infants

Master Key (MCQs Education)

Q.NO.	Answer	Q.NO.	Answer	Q.NO.	Answer	Q.NO.	Answer	Q.NO.	Answer	Q.NO.	Answer
1	D	41	A	81	D	121	B	161	B	201	D
2	C	42	B	82	B	122	C	162	A	202	A
3	D	43	C	83	B	123	B	163	B	203	C
4	A	44	A	84	A	124	A	164	A	204	B
5	B	45	B	85	A	125	B	165	A	205	D
6	D	46	C	86	D	126	C	166	D	206	B
7	B	47	B	87	B	127	C	167	D	207	A
8	A	48	C	88	B	128	A	168	D	208	C
9	A	49	A	89	B	129	B	169	D	209	B
10	B	50	B	90	A	130	A	170	D	210	D
11	C	51	D	91	B	131	B	171	B	211	A
12	D	52	B	92	B	132	A	172	D	212	A
13	C	53	C	93	B	133	A	173	A	213	C
14	D	54	B	94	C	134	A	174	D	214	B
15	A	55	C	95	A	135	A	175	A	215	B
16	C	56	B	96	C	136	D	176	C	216	D
17	B	57	C	97	C	137	A	177	A	217	C
18	A	58	C	98	D	138	C	178	A	218	A
19	B	59	B	99	B	139	D	179	B	219	B
20	C	60	D	100	C	140	A	180	C	220	B
21	A	61	A	101	B	141	A	181	D	221	D
22	C	62	A	102	A	142	D	182	A	222	D
23	A	63	D	103	A	143	D	183	A	223	D
24	B	64	B	104	C	144	A	184	A	224	D
25	A	65	B	105	B	145	B	185	A	225	A
26	D	66	A	106	C	146	D	186	A	226	D
27	D	67	B	107	B	147	D	187	A	227	A

28	D	68	A	108	B	148	D	188	C	228	A
29	A	69	B	109	C	149	C	189	B	229	A
30	B	70	C	110	B	150	D	190	B	230	D
31	C	71	B	111	D	151	D	191	A	231	A
32	B	72	C	112	A	152	D	192	A	232	A
33	A	73	D	113	A	153	A	193	B	233	B
34	B	74	D	114	C	154	B	194	A	234	B
35	A	75	B	115	C	155	A	195	B	235	B
36	C	76	D	116	C	156	B	196	B	236	D
37	A	77	B	117	C	157	D	197	A	237	A
38	B	78	C	118	B	158	D	198	B	238	B
39	B	79	B	119	B	159	D	199	C	239	B
40	D	80	B	120	A	160	D	200	C	240	C
241	C	266	C	291	C	316	C	341	C	376	B
242	D	267	C	292	A	317	A	342	D	377	C
243	B	268	C	293	D	318	C	343	A	378	C
244	C	269	D	294	D	319	D	344	B	379	C
245	C	270	A	295	A	320	A	345	B	380	A
246	A	271	D	296	A	321	A	346	C	381	C
247	B	272	B	297	D	322	D	347	C	382	B
248	D	273	B	298	B	323	D	348	A	383	D
249	C	274	B	299	A	324	D	349	C	384	C
250	A	275	D	300	C	325	B	350	D	385	C
251	B	276	B	301	C	326	D	351	B	386	C
252	D	277	B	302	B	327	D	352	C	387	D
253	D	278	A	303	C	328	C	353	D	388	B
254	D	279	A	304	D	329	D	354	A	389	C
255	B	280	C	305	D	330	B	355	C	370	C
256	C	281	B	306	B	331	D	356	C	391	A

257	B	282	B	307	B	332	C	357	C	392	B
258	B	283	D	308	B	333	C	358	A	393	A
259	C	284	B	309	A	334	D	359	C	394	C
260	B	285	A	310	A	335	A	360	B	395	C
261	D	286	D	311	D	336	D	361	A	396	A
262	A	287	A	312	A	337	B	362	B	397	C
263	B	288	C	313	D	338	C	363	B	398	A
264	A	289	D	314	C	339	C	364	A	399	A
265	B	290	A	315	C	340	A	365	C	400	A
								366	D	401	B
								367	B	402	D
								368	C	403	D
								369	A	404	A
								370	A	405	B
								371	C	406	D
								372	A	407	A
								373	C		
								374	A		
								375	C		